

Momentum

AT Momentum (14)

Solve the following problems showing ALL work and CIRCLING your answers. Each is worth 5 points.

1) Determine the momentum of a person (mass 72kg) running at 8 m/s. The wind is blowing at 2 m/s and it is 64°F outside.

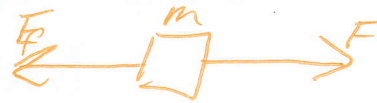
$$\vec{p} = m \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{p} = (72 \text{ kg})(8 \text{ m/s})$$

$$\vec{p} = 576 \text{ kg m/s}$$

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2) Determine the change in momentum for the following situation: A 135 kg box, on a level surface, has a 450 N force being applied to the right with a rope for a time of 4 seconds. There is a coefficient of friction of 0.34 between the box and the surface it is sliding on.



must use
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$\Sigma F_x = F - F_f = ma$$

$$F - F_f = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$$

$$(F - F_f)t = \Delta p$$

$$(F - \mu N)t = \Delta p$$

$$(F - \mu mg)t = \Delta p$$

$$\left[450 \text{ N} - (0.34)(135)(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) \right] (4 \text{ s}) = 0.72 \text{ kg m/s}$$

$$F = ma$$

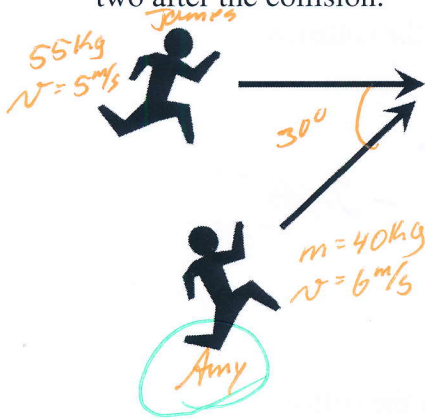
$$F = m \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$F = \frac{m \Delta v}{t}$$

$$F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$$

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3) Two kids, James and Amy, are playing on ice. James has a mass of 55 kg and Amy has a mass of 40 kg. James runs due east and slides at a speed of 5 m/s. Amy runs and slides on the ice at a speed of 6 m/s and at 30 degrees north of east. The two will collide in a totally inelastic collision. Determine the speed of the two after the collision.



James

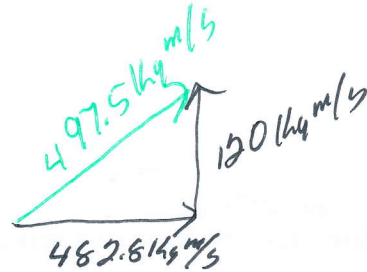
$$275 \text{ kg m/s } \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + 0 \hat{k}$$

$$207.8 \text{ kg m/s } \hat{i} + 120 \hat{j} + 0 \hat{k}$$

$\leftarrow 120 \text{ kg m/s}$

$$482.8 \text{ kg m/s } \hat{i} + 120 \hat{j} + 0 \hat{k}$$

\leftarrow Opps... Did it Again (kg m/s)



$$\frac{497.5 \text{ kg m/s}}{(55 \text{ kg} + 40 \text{ kg})} = 5.2 \text{ m/s}$$

(Use the information below to respond to problems 4-7)

A red bumper car (At an amusement park) has a mass of 85kg and is moving to the right at 2 m/s. The car collides in a totally elastic collision with a blue bumper car of mass 92kg that was moving at 2.5 m/s to the left. The collision takes place in a time of 0.18s.

4) Determine the final velocity of the red car after the collision

$$\underline{-2.68 \text{ m/s}}$$

5) Determine the final velocity of the blue car after the collision

$$\underline{1.87 \text{ m/s}}$$

6) Determine the force that acts on the red car.

$$\underline{-2209 \text{ N}}$$

7) Determine the force that acts on the blue car.

$$\underline{2209 \text{ N}}$$

$$t = 0.15$$

8) A 0.05kg ball flies toward a wall at 18 m/s, then bounces off the wall at 9 m/s. Determine the change in momentum of the ball.



$$F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$$

$$\Delta p = p - p_0$$

$$\Delta p = m(v - v_0)$$

$$(0.05 \text{ kg})(-9 \text{ m/s} - 18 \text{ m/s})$$

$$\Delta p = -1.35 \text{ kg m/s}$$

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9) On a billiard table, the 2 ball is moving toward the 14 ball. The two balls collide in a 2 D elastic collision. Write equations involving energy and momentum (Including trig functions) to describe the collision. Include a diagram to justify/verify your equations.

$$P_x / m_2 v_{20} = m_2 v_2 \cos \theta + m_{14} v_{14} \cos \alpha$$

$$P_y / 0 = m_2 v_2 \sin \theta - m_{14} v_{14} \sin \alpha$$

or something that makes sense

$$KE / \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_{20}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_{14} v_{14}^2$$