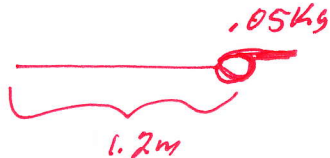


# ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS; DAY 2

AT Rotational dynamics (17)

- 5) A 0.05kg whistle is swung at the end of a 1.2 m long lanyard at a rate of 1.7 revs/sec. Determine the frequency of the whistle when the lanyard is shortened (because it wraps around a finger) to 0.2 m.



$$L_0 = L$$

$$I_0 \omega_0 = I \omega$$

$$m r_0^2 \omega_0 = m r^2 \omega$$

$$r_0^2 \omega_0 = r^2 \omega$$

$$\frac{r_0^2 \omega_0}{r^2} = \omega$$

$$\frac{(1.2\text{m})^2 (1.7 \text{ Rev/s})}{(0.2\text{m})^2} = 61.7 \text{ Rev/s}$$

## Answer Key Pd 1

### Rotational Inertia

Particle  $I = mr^2$

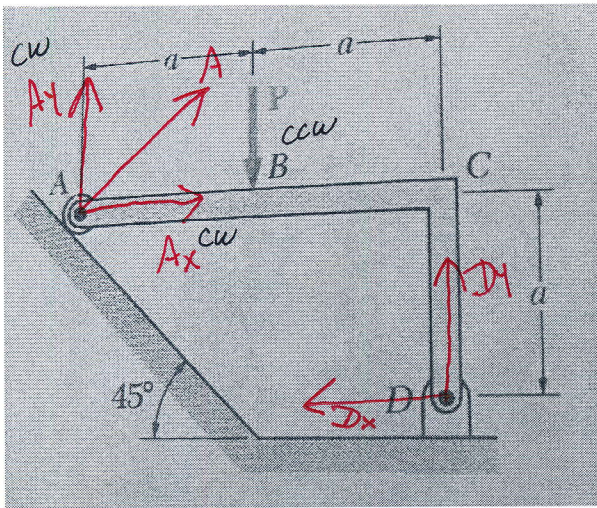
Solid cylinder  $I = (1/2)mr^2$

Stick about end  $I = (1/3)mL^2$

Solid Sphere  $I = (2/5)mr^2$

Stick about middle  $I = (1/12)mL^2$

6) Determine the reaction at "A" and "D" knowing the distance "a" is 4 inches and the force "B" is 26 pounds. Assume the weight of the structure is negligible.



*A Is A Normal*

$$\sum \tau_D = \tau_{Ay} + \tau_{Ax} - \tau_B = 0$$

$$A_y(8\text{in}) + A_x(4\text{in}) - B(4\text{in}) = 0$$

$$A_y = A \sin \theta = A \cos \theta = A(.707)$$

$\theta = 45^\circ$

$$A(.707)(8\text{in}) + A(.707)(4\text{in}) = B(4\text{in})$$

$$A(.707)(12\text{in}) = B(4\text{in})$$

$$A = \frac{(26\text{lb})(4\text{in})}{(.707)(12\text{in})}$$

$$\underline{A = 12.3\text{lb}} \quad \begin{matrix} A_x = 8.67\text{lb} \\ A_y = 8.67\text{lb} \end{matrix}$$

$$\sum F_x = A_x - D_x = 0$$

$$\underline{D_x = 8.67\text{lb}}$$

$$\sum F_y = D_y + A_y - B = 0$$

$$D_y = B - A_y$$

$$D_y = (26\text{lb}) - (8.67\text{lb})$$

$$\underline{D_y = 17.3\text{lb}}$$

### Answer Key Pd 1

#### Rotational Inertia

Particle  $I = mr^2$

Solid cylinder  $I = (1/2)mr^2$

Stick about end  $I = (1/3)mL^2$

Solid Sphere  $I = (2/5)mr^2$

Stick about middle  $I = (1/12)mL^2$

7) A 32cm sphere of mass 4 kg is attached to a 2 kg, 1.4 m long rod. Determine the rotational inertia of the combination if it is spun around the end opposite of the sphere.



$$I = I_{\text{stick}} + I_{\text{sphere}}$$

End

$$I = \frac{1}{3}mL^2 + mr^2$$

$$I = \frac{1}{3}(2\text{kg})(1.4\text{m})^2 + (4\text{kg})(1.4\text{m})^2$$

$$I = 9.15 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$1.3 \text{ kg m}^2 + 7.84 \text{ kg m}^2$$

### Answer Key Pd 1

#### Rotational Inertia

Particle  $I = mr^2$

Solid cylinder  $I = (1/2)mr^2$

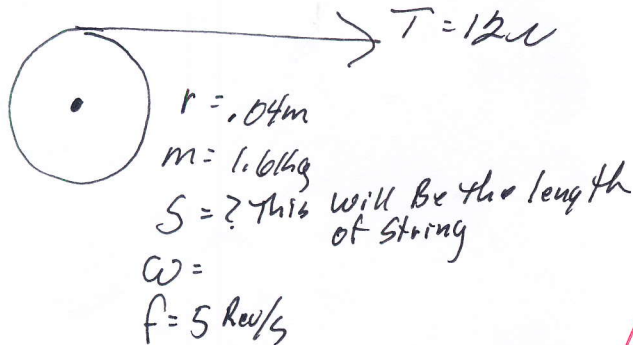
Stick about end  $I = (1/3)mL^2$

Solid Sphere  $I = (2/5)mr^2$

Stick about middle  $I = (1/12)mL^2$

## 12W Force In String

8) A solid cylinder of radius 4 cm and mass 1.6 kg has a string wrapped around the outer edge. The cylinder is able to rotate through its center like a wheel. Determine the length of string that would need to be pulled off the wheel for the wheel to be spun at 5 rev/s. Assume the string is massless.



$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2ax$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\omega_0 = 2\omega$$

$$S = \theta r$$

$$\frac{S}{r} = \theta$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{2\alpha S}{r}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$(2\pi f)^2 = \frac{2\alpha S}{r}$$

$$4\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{2\alpha S}{r}$$

$$2\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{\alpha S}{r}$$

$$T = I\alpha$$

$$\frac{T}{I} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{T}{\frac{1}{2}mr^2} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{2T}{mr^2} = \alpha$$

$$2\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{2T S}{mr^2 r}$$

Particle  $I = mr^2$

Solid cylinder  $I = (1/2)mr^2$

Stick about end  $I = (1/3)mL^2$

$$2\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{2T S}{mr^2 r}$$

$$\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{T S}{mr^3}$$

$$\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{F r S}{mr^3} \quad T = Fr$$

$$\pi^2 f^2 = \frac{F S}{mr^2}$$

$$\frac{\pi^2 f^2 mr^2}{F} = S$$

$$\frac{(\pi^2) \left(5 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{s}}\right)^2 (1.6 \text{ kg}) (.04 \text{ m})^2}{(12 \text{ W})} = \boxed{5.3 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\frac{\text{Rev}^2 \text{ kg m}^2}{\text{s}^2 \text{ kg m/s}^2} \Rightarrow \text{m} \quad \text{Unit Check}$$

Answer Key Pd 1

Rotational Inertia

Solid Sphere  $I = (2/5)mr^2$

Stick about middle  $I = (1/12)mL^2$