

Work & Energy

AT Energy (13)

Directions:

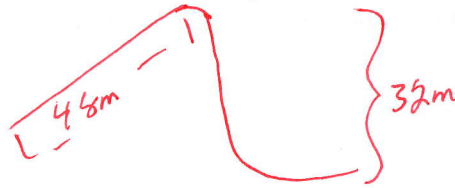
- 1) A cart is rolling at a speed of 12 m/s. If it has a weight of 340 N, determine the mass of the cart.

$$W = mg$$

$$\frac{W}{g} = m = \frac{340\text{N}}{9.8\text{m/s}^2} = 34.6\text{kg}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

2) A 3500 kg roller coaster train is pulled up a hill that is 32 m high. The length of the hill is 48 m long and the chain that pulls the train applies a 33kN force to the train. Determine the resistive force acting on the train.



$$\text{PE of Train @ Top} \Rightarrow \text{PE} = mgh = (3500 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (32 \text{ m}) = 1.096 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{"Ideal" Work to the Top} \Rightarrow 1.096 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{"Ideal" Force to the Top} \Rightarrow W = Fx$$

$$\frac{W}{x} = F = \frac{1.096 \times 10^6 \text{ J}}{48 \text{ m}} = 2.29 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

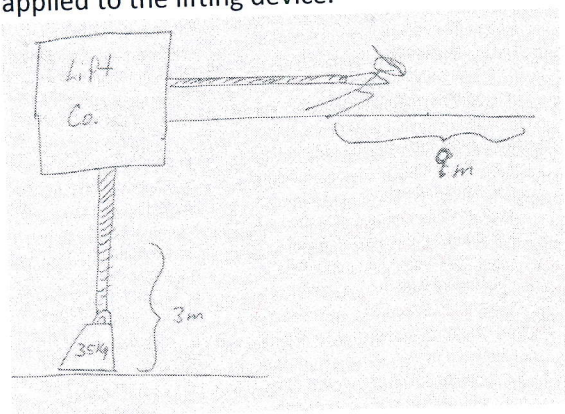
$$22.9 \text{ kN}$$

Diff Between Ideal + Actual Would Be Friction

$$33 \text{ kN} - 22.9 \text{ kN} = 10.1 \text{ kN}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

3) A simple machine is used to lift a 35kg mass to a height of 3m. The device that is used to lift the mass is moved through a distance of 9m. Determine the ideal force that would need to be applied to the lifting device.



Weight of 35kg Object
 $W = mg = (35\text{kg})(9.8\text{m/s}^2)$

$$W = 343\text{N}$$

$$\text{IMA} = \frac{9\text{m}}{3\text{m}} = 3$$

$$F_{\text{out}} = 343\text{N}$$

$$F_{\text{in}} = \frac{343\text{N}}{3} = 114\text{N}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

4) A 65kg person starts at rest and accelerates to 8m/s in a time of 0.4 seconds. They then need to stop quickly. Determine the work that must be done to them to bring them to rest.

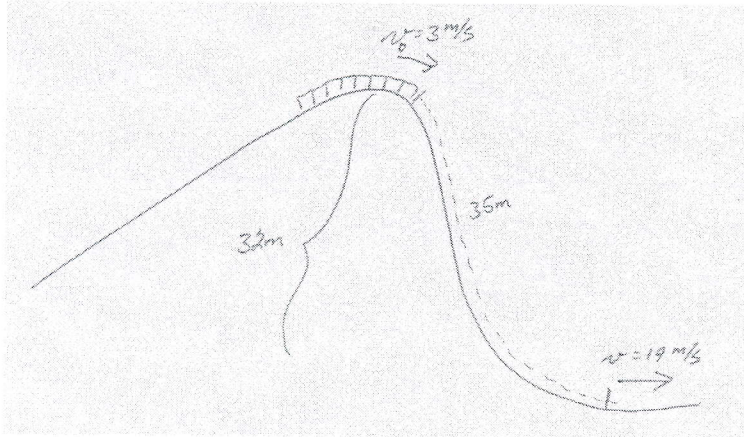
$$1/2 E = W$$

$$\frac{1}{2} mv^2 = W$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(65\text{kg})(8\text{m/s})^2 = 2080\text{J}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

5) A roller coaster train tops a 32m tall hill at 3m/s. At the bottom of the hill, the train is traveling at 19 m/s. Determine the overall average resistive force acting on the train considering the length of the track going down the hill is 35 m.



$$KE_0 + PE_0 = KE + W$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_0^2 + mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + Fx$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_0^2 + mgh - \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

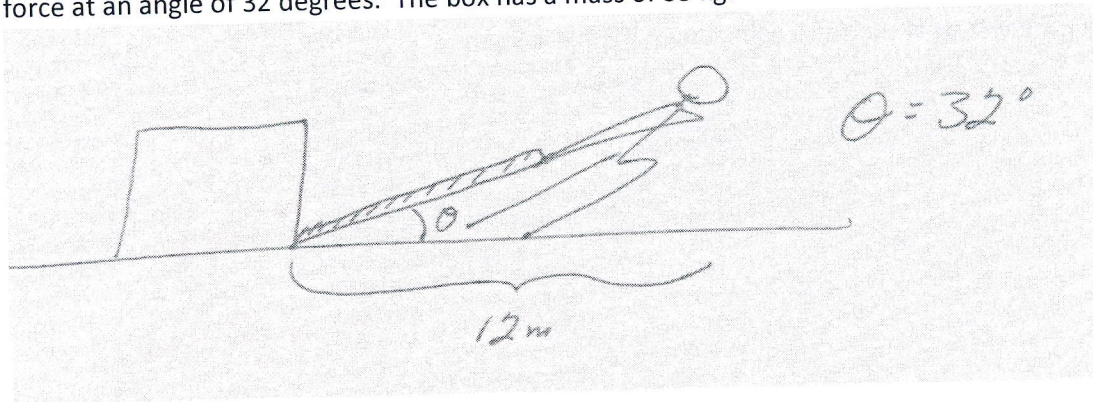
$$10,000 \text{ kg} \left[\frac{1}{2}(3 \text{ m/s})^2 + (9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(32 \text{ m}) - \frac{1}{2}(19 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 \right]$$

35m

$$F = 39,000 \text{ N}$$

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6) Determine the work that is done to the box by the person if the person pulls with a 240N force at an angle of 32 degrees. The box has a mass of 35 kg.



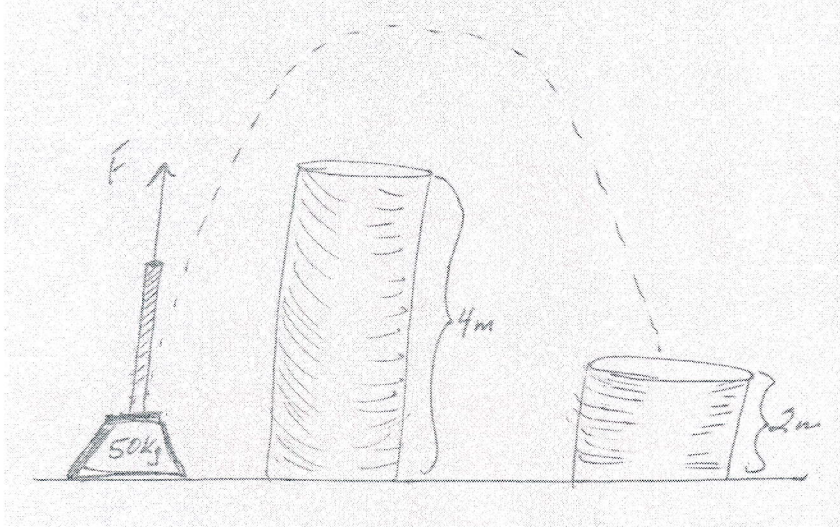
$$W = F(\cos\theta) \times$$

$$(240\text{N})(\cos 32^\circ)(12\text{m})$$

$$W = 2442\text{J}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

7) Determine the work that is done to the 50 kg mass if it is lifted up and over a 4 m tall and set to rest on a 2m high column. The mass is lifted with a 12 m long heavy rope.



$$W = PE$$

$$W = mgh = (50 \text{ kg}) \left(9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \right) (2 \text{ m})$$

$$W = 980 \text{ J}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

8) A motor is rated 25h.p. (18,650 W). Determine how long it will take to lift 1500kg roller coaster train to the top of 22m high hill.

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{PE}{t} = \frac{mgh}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{mgh}{P} = \frac{(1500\text{kg})(9.8\text{m/s}^2)(22\text{m})}{(18650\text{W})}$$

$$t = 17\text{s}$$

Level I Key Pd 1

9) A spring cannon with a spring constant of 480N/m is used to launch a 30 g ball. The spring is compressed 21 cm, and then released to launch the ball. Determine the speed of the ball when launched.

$$W = \frac{1}{2} kx^2 = KE$$

$$\frac{1}{2} kx^2 = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$

$$kx^2 = mv^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{kx^2}{m}} = v = \sqrt{\frac{(480 \text{ N/m})(.21 \text{ m})^2}{.03 \text{ kg}}} = \begin{matrix} 26.6 \text{ m/s} \\ \cancel{56 \text{ m/s}} \end{matrix}$$